is guilty of in an infinitely greater degree. These discourtesies, to use no stronger term, began while yet Mr. Thurston was a commisbegan while yet Mr. Thurston was a commissioner of the Provisional Government to negotiate annexation. They continued while he represented that Government after the departure of his colleagues, and have been shown ever since he became the fully accredited Minister of the new Republic. The Secretary of State accuses Mr. Thurston, it is understood, of having withheld certain information as to the sentences imposed upon the Royalist conspirators from the Department for nearly two days after having given that information to the press.

It is difficult to believe that this is the real grievance of Mr. Gresham, for it is perfectly patent that Mr. Thurston was not bound by any rule of diplomatic intercourse to inform the State Department of any facts that might have come to his knowledge which concerned matany rule of diplomatic intercourse to inform the State Department of any facts that might have come to his knowledge which concerned matters of domestic concern only and were not the subject of diplomatic negotiations pending at the time. But, assuming that this is the grievance of the Administration, it is strange that it should so readily forget the fact that it never itself informed Mr. Thurston of the appointment of Mr. Bleunt, nor of that worthy's departure for Honolulu. The first that Mr. Thurston knew of the great "Cracker" diplomatist's mission was when that eminent person began to move himself and his family, at Government expense, across the Continent, leaving behind him a streak of mystery and concern for his safety. Nor was Mr. Thurston, as the accredited agent of his Government, ever conscited as to questions affecting the intercourse between the two countries. Information as to the character of the witnesses raked together by the industrious Blount was never demanded of him. Knowledge of the plans of the Government was studiously witheld from him. News of the departure of Willis only reached him through the newspapers. Those infamous instructions which directed him to feel for the fifth rib of Cleveland's "great and good friend" while inquiring after his health were not known to the representative of the Hawalian Government in this country until after Willis had been five days on the ocean and the wires carried "my policy" to every hamlet in the country and arcused its indignation. Not a single document of the State Department, of-ficial or otherwise, ever was sent to the Hawalian Legation until a number of protests by Mr. Thurston and his secretary brought the Department to a realization of the pettiness of its tricks.

BARRED OUT FROM SOCIAL INTERCOURSE.

BARRED OUT FROM SOCIAL INTERCOURSE.

extended to social intercourse as well. In the absence from town of Minister Thurston on leave Major Hastings was left in charge of the business of the Legation. At the diplomatic business of the Legation. At the diplomatic dinner given by the President, Mr. Hastings was the only representative of a foreign Government not present. He had not been invited. The scandal ensuing was met with elaborate disquisitions on the part of the State Department upon the nature of the difference between a charge d'affaires and a charge dea affaires. It deceived no one; it only served to make the Administration supremely ridiculous, its animus was clear and its intent as obvious as its Administration supremely rinculous, its amus was clear and its intent as obvious as its conduct had been contemptible. The number, indeed, of discourtestes, of slights, of violations of good breeding, of utter disregard of the amenities of diplomatic intercourse of which Mr. Thurston was made the victim could be multiplied indefinitely if space permitted it. In view of them it containly is surprising that Secretary of them, it certainly is surprising that Secretary Gresham has the hardihood to intimate that Mr. Thurston has been lacking in courtesy. If the Secretary had any sense of humor he might see even the ludicrousness of his position.

DISCUSSING THURSTON'S DISMISSAL. THE OPINIONS OF SENATORS MORGAN, FRYE AND HALE.

Washington, March 20.-Senator Morgan, chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, declined to discuss the act of Mr. Gresham in demanding the recall of the Hawaiian Minister, and dismissed it with the single remark that it was an affair solely between the Secretary of State and denial to one of the rumors put in circulation in regard to this matter. It has been said that Mr. Gresham took exception to the course of Mr. tions in the Senate, and especially to his course dursular bill, in which the appropriation for the be Gresham criticised Mr. Thurston for his alleged personal solicitation of Senators in support the bill against the vigorous remonstrances of the Thurston had not approached him or any other had been here as Minister from Hawaii he had not it was himself and Senator Hale, of had been pushing the proposition, and if such a charge had been laid to Mr. Thurston's account. Morgan said, he was positive that the Hawaiian Minister was entirely innocent.

Senator Frye, of Maine, in an interview to-day said that Minister Thurston's dismissal looks to him like a small piece of business. "If the Ha-walian Government can put up with Minister Willis," he said, "I think this Government might easily overlook such a trivial matter as that which was made an excuse for Minister Thurston's dismissal As I understand the matter, Mr. Thurston did not

As I understand the matter, Mr. Thurston did not give out to the press official communications, but the information which he imparted to the newspaper men was a summary of news conveyed to him by private letter. I think that Secretary Gresham's displeasure with the Minister dates back to a time anterior to this occurrence. I think that Minister Thurston's famous reply to Blount started the trouble, and that Mr. Thurston was absolutely right in that reply to Blount. The Administration did not like it, and they have felt resentful to Mr. Thurston ever since."

Senator Hale takes a diametrically opposite view of the case. He was one of the most zealous defenders of the new Hawaiian Republic in the Senate. Mr. Hale considers it inexcusable that Minister Thurston should have made public diplomatic correspondence before submitting it to the State Department, and if he did this, the Senator says, he was clearly wrong and could not expect that the Secretary of State would do otherwise than ask for his recall. "In fact, if it be true," the Senator said, "that the Administration is averse to the Hawaiian Republic, that, of itself, should have furnished Mr. Thurston with his strongest reason for discreet conduct."

THE CORONER'S MYSTERIOUS PRISONER.

SOLOMON H. MANN ARRESTED IN CONNECTION WITH THE CASE OF LORETTA HANNIGAN.

According to a report made by Captain Gallagher of the West Sixty-eighth-st. station to Superintendent Byrnes yesterday Coroner Hoeber's mys terious prisoner, who was arrested Tuesday and held in \$5,000 bail charged with being responsible for the condition of Miss Loretta Hannigan, who is dying from malpractice, is Solomon H. Mann. Mann appears on the returns of the West Sixtyeighth-st. police station as a manager. He was arrested by Policemen Frank Morris and Henry His address is not given on the returns but it was learned that he lives at No. 176 West Eightleth-st. According to the directory, Solomon H. Mann is a manager at No. 431 Fifth-ave.

Detective Sergeant Holland, of the Central Office reached the Hannigan house last evening with Dr. Pettingill, and the girl positively identified the latter as the man who had performed the operation. It was said at her home that in the statement made by her to the Coroner she implicates a third person, a woman, said to be a friend of Solomon H. Mann.

NORTHERN VISITORS IN FLORIDA.

St. Augustine, Fia., March 29 (Special).-Prominent arrivals here include ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower and party, who are at the Ponce de Leon, as is also Prince Lowenstein, of Berlin. Baron Euchtritz, Chamberlain to Emperor William of Germany, has returned to the Hotel Granada after a tour in Southern Florida. Others here are Edward D. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cassatt, Colonel A. McClure, of Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, and Judge John Clinton Gray, of the New-York Court of Appeals.

The Golf Club held a tournament to-day. George Smith, of St. Augustine, and W. L. Harkness, of Cleveland, were tied for first prize; J. J. Upham, of Milwauke, won second prize, and Charles Bohlen, of Philadelphia, scratch, won the third prize.



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CASHMERE READY TO PLEAD TO-DAY. BOUQUET.

NEWS NOTES AT THE CAPITAL

NO CHANCE AT PRESENT FOR "STATES-MEN OUT OF A JOB."

THE WORLD'S WHEAT SUPPLY-SOME INTEREST-PRIATIONS-MR. ROOSEVELT HAS AN OVER-ZEALOUS FRIEND - CON-

Washington, March 20.-There are still a few hope Appraisers under the Customs Administrative act

March seem to indicate that the argument so fre-These figures, which have been obtained from

According to Commissioner Lochren's fig sion appropriations are likely to remain at about the present rate for at least three years to come The reason for the absence of any perceptible crease is that the falling off, owing to deaths other causes, is about counterbalanced by first 186 was \$150,000,000. For the fiscal year 1895 it 189,000,000, which will probably have to be supplemented as usual by an \$8,000,000 or \$10,000,000 ded clency appropriation. After 1896, Commissione Loohren thinks that the pension appropriations will diminish rapidly.

Civil Service Commissioner Theodore Roosevelt experiencing annoyance, caused, he says, by som one who evidently thought to do a kindness to him by inserting in a newspaper an article to the effect by inserting in a newspaper an article to the effect that Mr. Roosevelt was "kind-hearted," a "cowhoy and a "millionaire." The result of the publication has been the receipt by Mr. Roosevelt of innumer-able requests for charity from alleged "cowhoys" and others. He has replied to the communications that he is not "kind-hearted" in the sense the men-dicants were led to believe by the story, and that he is neither a millionaire nor a cowboy.

One year ago, in his annual report, Secretary Morton made a strong plea to Congress to permit him to distribute among the farmers more new Morron marie a string for the farmers more new ideas and fewer old seeds. In a measure he was successful. Congressmen refused to wipe out the time-honored custom of distributing seeds among their constituents, but they did make an appropriation of \$9,090 for the distribution of new ideas according to the plan of the Secretary. This money has been expended in a manner which has proved highly satisfactory to Congressmen and the department, and the approval of Congress was manifested in the increase of the appropriation for the next fiscal year to \$6,900. Secretary Morton, through the Bureau of Records and Editing, has besued a series of farmers builtetins, written in a popular way, which have been placed to the credit of members of Congress, and circulated by them among their constituents. Over 300 members have taken advantage of these builetins, and more than \$60,000 have been printed and circulated.

The President has appointed James H. Collins Collector of Customs for the port of Nashville,

The credentials of Senator Shoup for the term be The credenials of the secretary of the Senate on Monday, and have been filed, Mr. Shoup was on his way to Washington, but at Chicago was called back to Idaho, and will not come East again for two months.

Ex-Senator Ransom, Minister to Mexico, farewell visit to his friends at the capital to-day. He left here for his home in North Carolina to-night, and intends to start for Mexico on Friday.

The report of George William Hill, chief of the Division of Records and Editing of the Agricultural Department, makes some urgent recommendations Department, makes some urgent recommendations for a change in the law under which the public documents of that Department are distributed. One of the recommendations strikes at the sale of public documents, a traffic which is carried on in Washington to a greater extent than is perhaps known. Many of the more valuable works of the Department are out of print, and cannot be had at the Department nor from members of Congress, yet they are publicly offered for sale at various bookstores and second-hand shops dealing in this sort of merchandise. A notable instance of this is the horse book, which has had a phenomenal demand from the general public. This work is out of print, and an unsuccessful effort was made during the last session of Congress to authorize the publication of another edition of 75,990. It can be found on public sale at 75 cents a copy, and a few days ago the Agricultural Department was compelled to go into the market and purchase 230 copies of its own publication which had been issued for free distribution. The work on hawks and owls, which is also scarce, can be had for \$t\$ a volume of aimost any dealer. It is said that clerks of members who represent city constituences have been guilty of selling the quota of their employers, for the reason that such members have no demand for the work. for a change in the law under which the publi-

The Secretary of the Interior to-day denied the appeal of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitobi Railway Company from the Department's decision in rejecting the company's application to select lot as indemnity in the St. Cloud, Minnesota, lar district on account of its St. Vincent extensions

TO WRITE A HISTORY OF THE REGIMENT.

Although many members of the 224 Regimen enlisted in the service during the Rebellion no record was kept of their names or of the rank which they attained. A special effort is now being made to secure the names of as many of these war veleother injurious in- rans as possible for publication in the history of the gredient, and act regiment which is now nearly completed. members or others who know of the name of any such member of the regiment are requested to send it to General George W. Wingate, No. 29 Nassaust, stating, if possible, the company in the 22d to which the person belonged, the organization in which he enlisted, and the rank which he atterned in the service.

THE INDICTED OFFICIALS SPEND THE EVENING IN CONFERENCE.

OR PARKHURST KEEPS UP HIS GOOD WORK-SPENDING SOME TIME IN THE BROOKLYN PRISON - THE POLICE DEPART-

MENT WEAKENED. The Oyer and Terminer Grand Jury yesterday resumed its sessions. A copy of the resolutions passed on Tuesday by the Board of Police Commissioners was presented to the jury by Assistant District-Attorney Lindsay, it having been for-warded to that official by President Martin by pessenger early in the morning. The Grand Jury

was believed to be investigating the Fire Depart nt intending to thoroughly were in attendance, all of whom declined to give either their names or addresses. No uniform firemen, however, were at the Criminal Courts

elety; Agent Lemmon and Liss, the ex-burglar, They were accompanied by several women, believed to be in some way connected with the case of the the Grand Jury and swear that he had paid Jacobs and McManus, the two Headquarters' detectives were through. Exactly the nature of the evidence of the men before the Grand Jury could not be

DR. PARKHURST CALLS ON A PRISONER.

Dr. Parkhurst made a hurried call yesterday on Mayor Schieren at the Brocklyn City Hall and requested a permit to see George Murray, alias George Williams, a prisoner in Raymond-st. Jail, charged with stealing a diamond pin from William Ship-man, of Myrtle-ave., on March 7. The Mayor com-

Siebert and Murphy from duty has still time has been short of commanding officers and a great many patroimen. From present indications t is extremely unlikely that the large number of

are nearly 200 patrolinen to be appointed, besides a number of roundsmen, sergeants and detectiveeight the actual number of precinct con

the Detective Bureau. It was rumered at Head-quarters yesterday that Superintendent Byrnes

amined and rates the papers of applicate, and that appointments and promotions were made substan-tially on his recommendation. It is said he had no alternative while the representative of the Police Department in the Civil Service Board.

Superintendent Byrnes has taken temporary harge of the Detective Bureau while Inspector Mc charge of the letterive Hursan while Inspector Mc-Laughlin remains under suspension. The detective office returns yesterially were signed by the Super-intendent. At a sclock in the afternoon all the Central Office detectives were assembled in the De-tective fureau, where the Superintendent talked to them and gave them instruction in connection with their duties. Mr. Byrnes, it is said, proposes to make some changes in the bureau.

THREE CHARGES AGAINST DONNELLY. Patrolman James Donnelly, of the West Thirty eventh-st. station, was up on three charges yester lay at the trials before Commissioner Martin was accused of being under the influence of liquor on March II, of being absent from his house while on the sick list, and failure to report for roll-call.

Chief Clerk Kipp, of the Police Department, received from the Civil Service Board yesterday afternoon a list of twelve candidates eligible pointment as patrolmen, enough to make ten ap pointments under the new Civil Service regulations. They are Eugene Furns, Charles Kammer, Ir., Frank Baker, Peter Diffley, Edward J. MacMahon, John E. Lynch, Hugh J. Smith, Thomas J. Gleason, John Lope, Robert McNaught, Jr., John Wholey and Thomas Ryan.

OIL PAINTINGS SOLD AT LOW PRICES.

The sale by auction of the paintings belonging to the late Dr. Stephen W. Roof was begun last night by Justus Cooke, at No. 20 East One dred-and-twenty-fifth-st. The collection, which numbers over 260 pictures, is made up for the greater part of works by New-York and Parisian greater par; of works by New-York and Paristan artists. Eighty lots were disposed of last evening at moderate prices. The paintings which realized the best prices were "The Noonday Smoke" (Califano), \$55, "Children at Play" (Califano), \$25, "The Yacht Race" (Moran), \$25, "Venice" (Ekblat), \$22, "Court Scene in Naples" (Califano), \$24, "Off Sandy Hook" (K. F. Selly), \$25, "Mending the Net", Springering by the Way" (Shaver), (Venier), \$25; "Gossiping by the Way" (Shayer) from the collection of the late Dr. James R. Leaming, \$75; "Stone Valley, Vermont" (J. Williamson) \$25; "Meditation of St. Peter" (Ribera), \$22; "The Sultan's Favorite" (Hirt), \$38; "Niagara Falis" Sulfan's Favorite (Hirt), &s, 'Nagara Falis' (T. Lindsey), \$25, 'Noah and his Daughters' (W. Page), \$22, 'Landscape' (W. Bliss), \$25, 'On the Coast of France' (Marquette), \$9, 'Madonna' (W. Harnett), \$9, 'The Baby's Toilet' (La Jauna), \$25, 'Winiter in the Catskills' (W. M. Post), \$3, 'Landscape' (Durch, \$46, 'The Young Princess' (Morizot), \$37, and 'Still Life' (W. M. Harnett), \$26

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OBITUARY.

GENERAL ADAM BADEAU.

Brigadier-General Adam Badeau died in Ridge wood, N. J., at the Herbert House, on Tuesday evening, aged sixty-three years. He was born in this city on December 39, 1831, and after a private school education went to a boarding-school at Tarrytown. As a young man he did some newspaper work, writing dramatic criticisms for "Noah's Sunday Times." These papers were afterward rewritten and published under the title of "The Vaga-bond." Young Badeau also served as clerk to the nittee of Street Openings, which place was o tained through the influence of his relative, after ward General Rusteed, then Corporation Counsel

When the war broke out, Badeau promptly volun teered. In 1862 he was appointed aide-de-camp to General Sherman, and served with him from Febru Then he served on the staff of Gen eral Gilmore, but soon returned to General Shertime he was transferred to General Grant's staff but was unable to report for duty, having beer and remained with him until he was re army and the brevet rank of brigadier-general of volunteers. His brevet rank was given for gallant and meritorious services during the campaign terminating with Lee's surrender.

The day after his retirement General Badeau ac

cepted an appointment as Secretary of Legation at London, and served there till December 6, 1869. He cember 23, 1869, and became the bearer of dispatches to Madrid; but it was subsequently held partment, nor the subsequent legislation of

In May, 1879, General Badeau was appointed Con sub-General at London, and remained at this lucra ost till the ascension of President Garfield in

en, George Corra and Kate Chillman, He was

Joseph Rudl, who had lived practically all his life in Brooklyn, deel yesterday at his home. No. Its St. Mark wave, in that city, aged lifty. He was born in New-York City, the sen of Joseph Rudd, and after receiving a liberal education, started in business for himself. He was a hard worker and his ability soon won him a place in the shipping trade. He became jumor member of the shipping firm of Woodhouse & Rudd, whose office for years was at Water and Pine sits, and they built up a prefitable business between New-York and Texas and South Carolina ports. Mr. Rudi retired from business about ten years ago because of failing health, and since leve, he had spent a great deal of time travelling. He married Mirs Frances Lizcoph in 1886 and there are two grown children, a son and daughter. Carolina ports. Mr. Rubl retired from business about ten years ago because of failing health, and since 18%, he had spent a great deal of time travelling. He married Miss Frances Liscogn in 18% and there are two grown children, a son and daughter. Since 1888 the family has lived in a Daufful home in 8% Mark's ave, near Nostrand-ve, and there the funeral will be held to-merrow morning. The Rev. Henry E. Cobb, of the Collegiate Reformed Church, Seventy-seventhest, and West End-ave, New-York, will officiate.

CHARLES EDWARD POUNTNEY.

Charles Edward Pountney, one of the founders of the Alcyone Boat Club, of Elizabeth, died yesterday at his parents' home, No. 11 Third-st., in that city, from consumption, aged thirty-two. Mr Pountney was a graduate of Public School No. 1 and held a responsible place with the National Cordage Company. He was also a member of Elizabethport lodge of Old Fellows and the Inde-pendent Order of Foresters, and was highly es-teemed by his associates. He at one time was a deputy tax collector here.

ASA SEYMOUR CURTIS.

Asa Seymour Curtis, of Stratford, Conn., died or Monday at the advanced age of eighty-two years. He was well-known in all parts of the State, a veteran of the Civil War and a life-long advocate and laborer for the abolition of slavery. He was a man of decided and characteristic views on all important subjects. Of spotless character and well-defined principles, he lived to see the result of his early and advanced steps. In middle life learned to be his followers, some of whom are yelliving. He will be greatly missed in the viliage though he had not been seen in public of latyears so frequently on account of deafness and other infirmities. He leaves a widow and three daughters. He was twice married. His first wife was a daughter of Captain Samuel Curtis. She died about fifteen years ago.

PRINCE GONTHIER FREDERICK WALDEMAR. Berlin, March 20.-A dispatch from Detmold announces the death there this morning of Prince Gonthier Frederick Waldemar, the reigning Prince of Lippe. He was born April 18, 1824.

"North German Gazette" says that the Prince in his will made provision that Prince Adolphe Guillaume Victor, of Schaumborg-Lippe brother-in-law to Emperor William, should act as Regent during the minority of the son of Prince Adolphe, who will eventually succeed the dead Prince.

DUNCAN M'GREGOR. Saratoga, March 29.-Duncan McGregor, owner

of the farm or which Mount McGregor is located and which took his name, died at his home Glens Falls yesterday, aged eighty-seven. built the roadhouse on the mountain, now world-renowned as the Drexel Cottage, in which General U. S. Grant died. Mr. McGregor at one time was a large landowner in Iowa, and the city of Mc-Gregor in that State was named in his honor. He was a childless widower.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Saratoga, N. Y., March 20.-George B. Martin, aged sixty, died at his home in this village to-day He had accumulated a large estate dealing in poultry and eggs for the Saratoga and New-York markets and by judicious investments. He was a widower and is survived by a son, Melvin Martin, of Lincoln, Neb.

Chicago, March 29.-M. J. Tilden, a lawyer, living at No. 425 Chestnut-st., Englewood, died suddenly of apoplexy in the Stock Exchange elevator this afternoon. He was about fifty years of age and was a relative of the late Samuel J. Tilden, of New-

FOR LACK OF FIRE ESCAPES.

TWO LIVES LOST IN A BURNING TENE-MENT-HOUSE.

JOHN KURTZ PERISHES IN GIVING WARNING TO HIS FAMILY, AND AN AGENT NAMED KET-

THIRD-STORY WINDOW. In his heroic endeavor to save his family from death John Kurtz perished in a fire which swept through the four-story tenement-house No. 168 West Twenty-fifth-st. early yesterday morning. If it had not been for Kurtz's timely warning his family, as well as many others in the building, would have shared his fate. Tony Ketchum jumped from a window in the third story and landed on the sidewalk, with nearly every bone in his body broken. He died in the New-York Hospital at half-past 3. Three others who jumped from windows were slightly injured. The other

tenants escaped to the roof of an adjoining house. The body of Kurtz was found on the third-floor landing after the fire had been extinguished. He was the proprietor of the "Chimney Corner" saloon, a resort at Twenty-fifth-st, and Sixth-ave, on which the police made a raid a few months ago. Kurtz, with his wife and his two sons, William and Frank, and his daughter, Mamie, occupied the second floor of the building. The first floor was occupied by John M. Hueb-

ner, a flour merchant, who owns the building. He will probably be called upon to explain his noncompliance with the building laws, for there were no fire-escapes on either the front or rear of the building. The first person to reach the roof was John Johnson, closely followed by his wife. Kurtz family, with Mrs. John Westboy, who, with her husband, rented that entire floor. Be-Westboy family, the Johnsons, with Auge and fer, her husband and their child, and two sons of Young, all reached the stairway about the same Johnson led the crowd, and when he reached the door opening on the roof he found it locked, and had to place his shoulder against it burst it open. It was immediately after this

o the building through the adjoining tenement-ouse, No. 170 West Twenty-fifth-st., and climbed from a window out on the coping over the front doorway. From there he got through a window to the rooms of Mrs. Kurtz. Seeing that Mrs. Kurtz and her son had escaped, Wise went into the front room on the third floor, where he found Miss Schamp and her sister, Catherine, who was visiting her Tuesday night and had decided to spend the night. Exress by way of the roof had by this time been out off, for the firemen on arrival, under Hattalion Chief Croker's orders, had hattered in the front door, and the smoke and flames filled the hallways. Wise reached Miss Schamp's apartment directly after Ketchum had made his fatal leap from the windows there. The extension ladder had been placed against the front of the burning building, and Wise helped Catherine Schamp to the window ledge, where she grasped the rungs of one of the ladders, Firemen Woods and Kelly, of Hook and Ladder No. 12, were ready to receive her and helped her safely to the ground. Miss Rebecca Schamp, who, like her sister, weighs more than 290 pounds, could not swing herself out so as to get a foot-

CHINESE ANTIQUITIES AT AUCTION.

The sale of a fine collection of antique Chinespottery was begun yesterday afterneon at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, No. 366 Fifth-ave. The list includes some fine single color vases, specimens tade, amber, amethyst and agate, and a remarkably fine group of black hawthorn vases. They were collected by P. von Mollendarff, of Shanghai, during a long term of official service as German Consu at Tien-Tsin, China, and as Prime Minister to the King of Corea. Prices realized yesterday were only fair, and collectors and curio-hunters secured a number of bargains. The sale will continue to-day and to-morrow.

PROF. VANDER WEYDE'S BODY INCINERATED. The body of Professor Peter H. Vander Weyde, who died in this city on Monday, was incinerated yesterday at the crematory at Fresh Pond, L. I. Previous to the incineration, a funeral service, conducted by the Rev. Dr. Bottome, of Grace Church, was held at the professor's home, No. 82 Clinton Place. Many of his former pupils at the Cooper institute and the New-York University

Professor Vander Weyde was an ardent believer in cremation, and previous to his death expressed the wish that his body be incinerated, as was that of his wife, who died three years ago.

THE WEATHER REPORT

A COLD STORM IN THE SOUTH

Washington, March 20. The storm which was central in hiddle Tennessee this morning has moved rapidly eastward on the North Carolina const, attended by rain and snow in the Southern States east of the Mississippi. Fair weather prevails to night throughout the Northern States weather prevails to night the lighest the Northern States and central valleys. It is decidedly colder in the Southern States, and warmer to the west of the Mississippi. The pressure has increased rapidly in the central valleys, but it is less in the Northwest, and the barometer is unusually low north of Montana.

The temperature will rise slowly in the central valleys and the lake regions with fair weather.

For Maine, New-Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts, fair weather; north winds; no change in temperature. For Rhode Island, Connecticut, Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, fair, pos

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For Western New York, fair, northeast winds; no change TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. HoUlis: Morning. Pight. 1 23 4 5 5 7 3 9 10 12 3 4 5 5 7 3 9 10 12 30.5



In this diagram a continuous white line show, changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's recording barometer. The broken line represents the perature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

day was overcast, with slight change in temperature, which ranged between 30 and 41 degrees, the average (35%) being 12 lower than on Tuesday and 19% lower than on the corresponding day last year.

The weather to-day is likely to continue fair, with perhaps light anow or rain in the morning.

AN ANGLO-GERMAN QUARREL.

CORONER HOEBER'S SECRETARY RESIGNS HIE OFFICE.

HE PRESENTS A BILL WITH HIS LETTER, AND WANTS PROMPT PAYMENT OF MONEY

LENT TO THE CORONER-HOEBER

has resigned owing to a misunderstanding with his superior. It seems that the latter received an anonymous letter a few days ago stating that Joseph Urban could give some important information re-Forty-third-st. The name Joseph Urban appears twice in the directory, respectively located at No. 425 West Fifty-ninth-st. and at No. 389 East Eightyfirst-st. Coroner Hoeber told his secretary to subpoena both these men, but this order was not obeyed. Yesterday morning the Coroner looked for Joseph Urban to hear what he knew about the maithouse disaster, and was surprised at being in-formed that the subpoenas had not been sent.

"I did not send them because I did not want to get into trouble," explained Secretary Oppenheimer, "How did we know whether either of them was the man referred to in the anonymous letter, and if neither of them was the man I would be liable to

This interpretation of law threw Coroner Hother into one of his finest passions, and an Anglo-German wrangle, lasting for nearly two hours, followed The Coroner and his secretary argued at the top of their voices, giving the legal points in German and attracting to the scene of contest everybody within sound of their voices. When they had exhausted legal points and hard words, Mr. Oppenheimer sat down to write his resignation.

"It will take me an hour and a half at least," said the secretary, as he picked up a copy of the Revised Statutes, "for it is going to be a most important document." The letter was as follows:

To Coroner Hoeber.

Sir: Realizing the impossibility of staying with you as your clerk any longer on account of our incompatibility. I herewith tender my resignation, to take effect forthwith.

I also make my statement as to your financial obligation to me, as follows:

Expecting a speedy settlement I subscribe myself, ours, etc., MOSES OPPENHEIMER. Coroner Hoeber made a statement yesterday afternoon to the reporters regarding the matter, He said that he was Oppenheimer's physician and On the morning after election Oppenheimer called at Hoeber's house and offered to lend him \$500 if he felt at all embarrassed by the campaign. Hoeback in monthly payments of \$50, and the trans-

dent interest, and this promise has so far been ful-filled. The selection of Mr. Oppenheimer as cierk was made after carefully weighing the qualifica-tions of all applicants and after an association with Mr. Oppenheimer in social, literary and political efreles for years. Sorry as I am that such a purely personal matter should become a matter of public rotoriety, and convinced as I am that there is no wrong on my side, except in once more having erred in my judgment of man, I feel confident that my statement will be believed by everybody who knows me.

E. W. HOEBER, Coroner,"

ASSIST NATURE



purpose. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best. Once used, they are always in Invor. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular, not to further constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles and their attendant discomfort and manifold derangements. The "Pellets" are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless in any condition of the system. No care with the diet, habits or occupation, and produce no pain, griping or shock to the system. They act in a mild, easy and natural way and there is no reaction afterward. Their help lasts.

The Pellets cure bilitousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "hearthum," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. In proof of their superior excellence, it can be trutfully said, that they are always adopted as a household remedy after the first trial. Put up in glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildy cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, or to releve distress from over-eating, take one after dinner. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may be better for the dealer, but he is not

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may be better for the dealer, be "just as good." It may be better for the dealer, because of paying him a better profit, but he is not the one who needs help.





Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with perfect SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the BEST REMEDY FOR DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

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